



**Berufsfachschulen Graubünden**

# AUFNAHMEPRÜFUNG BERUFSMATURITÄT 2016

## 6. April 2016

### Englisch

**Name:** ..... **Vorname:** .....

Zeitraumen 60 Minuten  
 Hilfsmittel keine  
 Hinweis Bitte schreiben Sie mit einem blauen oder schwarzen permanenten Stift.  
 Eine mit Bleistift geschriebene Prüfung wird nicht angenommen.

Teil	Maximale Punktzahl	Erreichte Punktzahl
A Vocabulary	30 Punkte	
B Use of English	80 Punkte	
C Reading Comprehension	25 Punkte	
D Conversations	10 Punkte	
Total	145 Punkte	
	<b>Note</b>	

Unterschrift Expertinnen / Experten .....

Ort / Datum .....

## A VOCABULARY

### TASK 1

**Underline the correct answer(s). You only get a point if all of your answers are correct; there are no half points.**

1. Which word pair does not express the opposite?  
A tall / short      B fair / dark      C win / lose      D look for / search
2. Which things can you wear on your feet?  
A socks      B boots      C purses      D trainers
3. John doesn't ... getting up very early.  
A stand      B want      C enjoy      D plan
4. Which thing can you not open?  
A the curtains      B a coin      C a belt      D an envelope
5. Could you ... Jim that I am on my way home.  
A say      B tell to      C speak to      D tell
6. Which words can be used to describe clothes?  
A tall      B generous      C checked      D tight
7. Football is played ... .  
A in a pool      B on a course      C on a court      D on a pitch
8. Which phrase is incorrect?  
A do the washing-up      B do the cooking      C make your bed      D make your homework
9. In the future I would like to become ... .  
A more friends      B a present      C a nurse      D more money
10. The school is ... the pharmacy.  
A on the left      B near of      C in the opposite of      D in front of
11. "Come on, James, it's already 5 o'clock! If we don't hurry up, we are going to ... the bus."  
A miss      B lose      C pass      D get
12. I usually wake up ... 6 a.m. and 7 a.m.  
A at      B between      C from      D on
13. I'm not very keen ... volleyball.  
A on      B about      C for      D into
14. What can't you „take“?  
A a taxi      B photographs      C a shower      D a party
15. Your mother's sister is your ... .  
A wife      B daughter      C cousin      D aunt

16. Who has to use scissors the most in their job?

- A a shop assistant    B a hairdresser    C a lawyer    D a baker

17. Which of these animals could be pets?

- A a lion    B a goldfish    C a parrot    D a cow

18. Which part of the house is situated outside?

- A the dining room    B the hall    C the patio    D the library

19. Which of these words have got irregular plural forms?

- A knee    B wife    C tooth    D glove

20. Which verb(s) can't be followed by „out“?

- A look    B end    C lie    D go

/ 20 points

## TASK 2

Write the opposite of the expressions in bold.

1. a **long** street \_\_\_\_\_
2. **turn on** the TV \_\_\_\_\_
3. a **fat** man \_\_\_\_\_
4. **wet** clothes \_\_\_\_\_
5. **send** an e-mail \_\_\_\_\_
6. **open** the window \_\_\_\_\_
7. **buy** a car \_\_\_\_\_
8. drive **fast** \_\_\_\_\_
9. a **dark** room \_\_\_\_\_
10. **arrive** home \_\_\_\_\_

/ 10 points

Vocabulary Total

/ 30 points

## B USE OF ENGLISH

### TASK 1

Use the verbs in brackets in the present simple (*I do*) or present continuous (*I am doing*).

1. I \_\_\_\_\_ (write) this e-mail on holiday in Rome.
2. Her parents are from Russia – they \_\_\_\_\_ (come) from Moscow.
3. I \_\_\_\_\_ (sit) in a café with Jane right now.
4. How long \_\_\_\_\_ (you / stay) in Spain on holiday?
5. Harry \_\_\_\_\_ (work) in a restaurant for the summer.
6. We usually \_\_\_\_\_ (play) tennis on Saturday morning.
7. Sorry, I can't come – I \_\_\_\_\_ (study) today.
8. I \_\_\_\_\_ (live) in a flat with my parents until I go to university next year.

/ 8 points

### TASK 2

Read the text about the first New Yorkers and complete it with the past simple (*I walked*) of these verbs. You can use some verbs more than once.

find	change	live	be	call	take	continue	buy	come
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Only a few hundred years ago, the only people to live in New York (1) \_\_\_\_\_ Native Americans – the Algonquian Indians. They (2) \_\_\_\_\_ in a forest on an island which they (3) \_\_\_\_\_ Mannahatta. Then, Giovanni da Verrazano, an Italian explorer, discovered New York harbour in 1524 and in 1609 an Englishman, Henry Hudson, (4) \_\_\_\_\_ the Hudson River. But it was the Dutch who (5) \_\_\_\_\_ to live in New York in 1624. In 1626, a Dutchman called Peter Minuit (6) \_\_\_\_\_ Mannahatta island from the Algonquian Indians for \$24 – today the island is called Manhattan. The Dutch name for their town (7) \_\_\_\_\_ New Amsterdam, but in 1664 the English (8) \_\_\_\_\_ the town and (9) \_\_\_\_\_ the name to New York after the English town of York. But people (10) \_\_\_\_\_ to speak Dutch in parts of New York well into the nineteenth century. Many words in American (11) \_\_\_\_\_ from the Dutch who (12) \_\_\_\_\_ in New York. These include: *boss*, *Yankee* and *cookie*, for example.

/ 12 points

### TASK 3

Write the correct words to complete the questions.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ do you usually do in the evening?
2. \_\_\_\_\_ are you? Do you feel better? – No, I'm still ill.
3. We've got green tea and black tea: \_\_\_\_\_ would you like?
4. \_\_\_\_\_ is that man in the photo? – It's my dad.
5. \_\_\_\_\_ do you live? In London? – No, in Manchester.
6. \_\_\_\_\_ children do you have? – Two. A girl and a boy.
7. \_\_\_\_\_ don't you want to come to the cinema tonight? – Because I'm tired.
8. \_\_\_\_\_ car is this? – It's Mathew's.

/ 8 points

### TASK 4

Use the verb in brackets in the past simple (*I walked*) or past continuous (*I was walking*).

1. I \_\_\_\_\_ (use) my time well while I \_\_\_\_\_  
(wait) for my plane - I wrote some e-mails.
2. "Why \_\_\_\_\_ (you / bring) your umbrella?  
\_\_\_\_\_ (it / rain) when you left home?"
3. I \_\_\_\_\_ (still / sleep) when my wife \_\_\_\_\_  
(leave) for work this morning.
4. I \_\_\_\_\_ (not / call) you at 9 o'clock as arranged because I  
\_\_\_\_\_ (have) a meeting.
5. What \_\_\_\_\_ (you / do) this time last year?
6. It started snowing while I \_\_\_\_\_ (drive) to work.

/ 10 points

### TASK 5

Complete the sentences. Put the verbs in brackets into the present perfect (*I have cooked*) or past simple (*I cooked*).

1. Jim: How many times \_\_\_\_\_ (you / try) to pass your driving test? -  
Michael: Three times so far.
2. When \_\_\_\_\_ (he / go) to Rome?
3. You look different. \_\_\_\_\_ (you / have) a haircut?
4. The US President \_\_\_\_\_ (be) in our country last year.

5. They \_\_\_\_\_ (work) for Microsoft from 2007 to 2011.
6. I \_\_\_\_\_ (not / see) David this week. I don't even know where he is.

/ 6 points

### TASK 6

Write the comparative (*longer*) or superlative (*the longest*) of the adjective in brackets.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ (friendly) city in the world is Rio de Janeiro.
2. The weather is \_\_\_\_\_ (bad) in autumn than in summer.
3. It's \_\_\_\_\_ (hot) in India than in England.
4. The book is \_\_\_\_\_ (interesting) than the film.
5. What's \_\_\_\_\_ (frightening) film on at the moment?
6. Which is \_\_\_\_\_ (good): going to the cinema or watching a DVD?
7. Thank you, it was \_\_\_\_\_ (delicious) meal I've had for a long time.
8. \_\_\_\_\_ (short) plane flight in the world is from Westray to Papa Westray near Scotland. It takes only two minutes.

/ 8 points

### TASK 7

Complete the sentences with a suitable preposition (in, from, on, at, etc.).

1. She gets up very early \_\_\_\_\_ the morning and goes to bed very late \_\_\_\_\_ night.
2. We started learning French \_\_\_\_\_ 2010.
3. You can't go there \_\_\_\_\_ car. You can reach this place only \_\_\_\_\_ foot.
4. They like listening \_\_\_\_\_ classical music \_\_\_\_\_ they are studying.
5. In summer, I love lying \_\_\_\_\_ the beach and swimming \_\_\_\_\_ the sea.
6. My mother is \_\_\_\_\_ holiday so my father is looking after us \_\_\_\_\_ the moment.
7. I was waiting \_\_\_\_\_ you when I saw Tom; he was on his way home \_\_\_\_\_ school.
8. Are you good \_\_\_\_\_ telling jokes?
9. I saw this news \_\_\_\_\_ TV.
10. My birthday is \_\_\_\_\_ a Sunday.

/ 8 points

## TASK 8

Put the verbs in every sentence into the correct future tense: *will* or *going to*.

1. "What are your plans for the evening?" – "I \_\_\_\_\_ watch a football match on TV."
2. I promise I \_\_\_\_\_ tell your secret to anyone.
3. "Would you like a drink?" – "I \_\_\_\_\_ have a coke, please."
4. Marvin \_\_\_\_\_ throw a party at the weekend because his parents are not in.
5. "Did you know that Claire is in hospital?" – "Yes, I and Julia \_\_\_\_\_ visit her on Saturday."
6. "That exercise looks difficult." – "I \_\_\_\_\_ help you."
7. "How \_\_\_\_\_ travel for his next holiday?" – "I know that he has already rented a camper."
8. "These bags are so heavy!" – "I \_\_\_\_\_ carry them for you!"

/ 8 points

## TASK 9

Underline the most suitable answer.

1. It was ... interesting film.  
A an very            B a very            C very a            D very an
2. I always feel safe with him; he drives very ... .  
A carefull            B careful            C carefully            D carefully
3. I'm thirsty; can I have ... mineral water, please?  
A some            B any            C a lot            D many
4. This book belongs to my sister – it's ... .  
A her            B hers            C his            D their
5. How ... students ... there in your class?  
A much ... is            B much ... are            C many ... is            D many ... are
6. I'm sorry, but visitors to the hospital ... park here.  
A can't            B couldn't            C can            D could
7. ... bananas? – Yes, I love them. I have one every morning.  
A Would you like            B Do you like            C Do you want            D Have you

8. The centre of Prague is beautiful but there are tourists ... .  
A everywhere      B everybody      C everytime      D everything
9. ... many reasons to go to London. It's a fantastic city.  
A It has      B Their are      C There are      D It gives
10. I've got a bicycle but I usually go to work by ... train.  
A the      B a      C an      D [nothing]
11. It isn't raining, so we ... take umbrellas.  
A have to      B haven't to      C don't have to      D mustn't
12. ... children over there are my cousins.  
A That      B This      C Those      D These

/ 12 points

Use of English    Total      / 80 points



## C READING COMPREHENSION

### TASK 1

Read the text below and decide if the statements 1-10 are true (T) or false (F).

OZBUS: an exciting way to travel from London to Sydney.

The Ozbus is the longest bus ride in the world and the ultimate journey for backpackers. In twelve weeks it travels 16,000 kilometres through twenty different countries.

‘Most people fly to Sydney at 40,000 feet and never see anything,’ says Mark Creasey from Ozbus. ‘On the Ozbus people can see the most beautiful places in the world. We go across Europe, through Turkey, India, China, Malaysia and Australia. We travel through deserts, mountains and jungles – it’s amazing.’

Jeff Lane travelled on the Ozbus last summer. ‘The best thing was the Taj Mahal,’ he said. ‘The most exciting place was the tiger reserve in the Himalayas, and I really enjoyed visiting the base camp of Mount Everest.’ And what were the worst things? ‘Well, in Teheran the bus broke down and we waited a whole day for a new one. That wasn’t so good. And I didn’t always enjoy camping at night. Sometimes I wanted to stay somewhere more comfortable!’

The Ozbus takes up to forty people of all ages. At night, the passengers usually stay in camps or sometimes in small hotels. Everyone takes turns to buy food in local markets and cook for the group.

The greatest journey in the world? Creasey thinks so: ‘If you want a truly awesome experience, then the Ozbus is for you.’

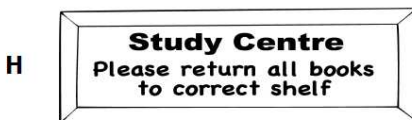
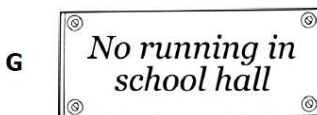
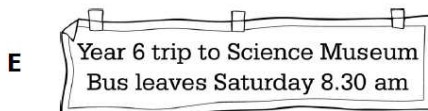
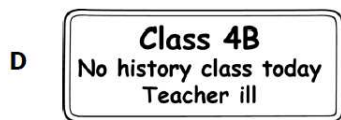
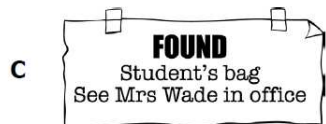
1. The Ozbus travels through 12 countries in 20 weeks. \_\_\_\_\_
2. Ozbus passengers fly from London to Sydney. \_\_\_\_\_
3. Jeff Lane took the Ozbus in summer. \_\_\_\_\_
4. He liked the Taj Mahal, the tiger reserve and the base camp. \_\_\_\_\_
5. Most Ozbus passengers are 40 years old. \_\_\_\_\_
6. They stay in hotels and camps. \_\_\_\_\_
7. Jeff Lane didn’t enjoy camping at night because he found it dangerous. \_\_\_\_\_
8. A special crew prepares the meals for the Ozbus passengers. \_\_\_\_\_
9. Jeff Lane didn’t have any negative experiences on his Ozbus trip. \_\_\_\_\_
10. The Ozbus always takes more than 40 passengers. \_\_\_\_\_

/ 10 points

## TASK 2

Which notice (A-H) says this (1-5)? Write the correct letter.

0. You cannot use your phone. notice B
1. You should put things back in the right place. notice \_\_\_\_
2. Go here if you have lost something. notice \_\_\_\_
3. You must walk in this place. notice \_\_\_\_
4. These students do not have lessons. notice \_\_\_\_
5. You cannot go in through here. notice \_\_\_\_



/ 5 points

### TASK 3

The teenagers below are all looking for a magazine to read. Read the descriptions of six magazines (A-H) for young people and decide which magazine would be the most suitable for the following teenagers. Write the correct letter (A-H) next to the description of the teenager.

**Olaf** would like to read stories that people his own age have written. He is also keen on music and would like some recommendations on the best bands to listen to. **MAGAZINE:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Becca** wants to know more about the lives of famous people who frequently appear in the news. She is also interested in clothes and would like recommendations on what to wear. **MAGAZINE:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Hiro** is interested in learning more about the latest international events. He is also keen on the cinema and would like to read different opinions on what to see. **MAGAZINE:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Gina** is interested in geography and the natural world. She would also like to read articles that tell her about the lives of people from other countries. **MAGAZINE:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Chris** enjoys going to concerts and wants to find out more about the people in his favourite bands. He is also keen to read articles written by other teenagers. **MAGAZINE:** \_\_\_\_\_

**A** **Youth World** is an entertainment magazine full of ideas on what to do. It provides details of all the latest films, concerts, exhibitions and fashion shows. If you are someone who prefers to stay in, it also recommends the best DVDs to watch.

**B** **Teens Now** is a successful music magazine for teenagers that lists who is playing, where and when and how to get tickets. Interviews with well-known singers and groups as well as detailed biographies are included. It also gives its readers the chance to send in their own articles.

**C** **NS Teens** magazine is well-known for its wildlife and environmental content but it also has articles on the history and culture of people from around the world. Some of the articles are long and detailed but the magazine is also famous for its fantastic photo-journalism. There are also letters from readers as well as maps and fact sheets.

**D** Some leading journalists write for **Teen People**, a music magazine aimed at the teen market. There are interviews with new bands as well as the latest news on recordings, tours and festivals. A popular feature is the annual reader's vote for the best new band.

**E** **Top Teens** is easy to read and full of colour photographs. There are a range of different sections including those offering fashion and beauty advice. But the majority of its pages are devoted to interviews with the popular, well-known stars of cinema, music and sport.

**F** The only environmental magazine written by teenagers for teenagers is **Young WB**. Readers are invited to send their articles and photographs to the magazine's offices and material is chosen for the next issue. As well as articles about the natural world, the magazine also has many special offers and competitions.

**G** **Teenplus** is very different from the average teen magazine that simply offers articles on pop stars and fashion. This exciting new magazine informs readers about what is happening in the world through its in-depth articles on current affairs, politics and science. It also offers a variety of reviews on recent books, films and music CDs.

**H** No journalists write for **Teen Voice**. This magazine depends completely on articles sent in by its teenage readers. It gives young people the opportunity to publish their creative work, such as poems or short works of fiction or to voice their opinions on important issues. They can also write reviews of the latest music CDs.

/ 10 points

Reading Comprehension Total

/ 25 points

## D CONVERSATIONS

### TASK 1

Tick the best answer.

1. Can I have a look at your magazine?  
A I'm afraid I can't.                      B Ok. I'll have it.                      C Sure, go ahead!
2. I'm sorry I'm late.  
A Good, thanks! How about you?    B Can you tell me the time?    C Never mind.
3. What is Mike like?  
A He likes pizza.                      B He is fine. Thanks.                      C He is funny.
4. Thanks for your invitation to the party but I'm afraid I can't come.  
A What a pity!                      B You are welcome.                      C Here you go.
5. Thanks for your help!  
A Same to you.                      B Here you are.                      C Don't mention it.
6. Simon and I are getting married.  
A Happy birthday!                      B Congratulations!                      C Happy wedding!
7. How long is your journey to work?  
A I go by bus.                      B A long time ago.                      C It takes one hour.
8. How about an evening out?  
A Sounds great!                      B Have a nice evening!                      C I'll take this one.
9. I've got a history exam next week.  
A Congratulations!                      B Good luck!                      C Never mind.
10. I'd like to return this radio.  
A Do you have the receipt?                      B Great idea!                      C It's £55, please.

/ 10 points